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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/586,343	07/14/2006	Tomohiro Iwama	WPMCO133105	2697
Christensen O'Connor Johnson Kindness PLLC 1420 Fifth Avenue Suite 2800 Seattle, WA 98101-2347			EXAMINER	
			ADDY, ANTHONY S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2617	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/586,343	IWAMA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	ANTHONY S. ADDY	2617
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with th	ne correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR dafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply but d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tute, cause the application to become ABANDO	ION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/ 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters,	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2,5,15 and 16 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2, 5, 15 and 16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiration.	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ection is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applic iority documents have been rece au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) \(\overline{\text{N}} \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summ	nary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Ma	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on December 28, 2009. Claims 3 and 4 has been cancelled and new claims 15-16 has been added. Claims 2, 5, 15 and 16 are now pending in the present application.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to **claims 2, 5, 15** and **16** have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Arguments are directed to newly added limitations and the new ground(s) of rejection based on the newly added limitations follow below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4. Claims 2, 5, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Henry et al., U.S. Patent Number 7,441,043 (hereinafter Henry) and further in view of Burton et al., U.S. Patent Number 7,287,269 (hereinafter Burton).

Regarding **claim 2,** Henry teaches a mobile wireless terminal apparatus (*e.g., a mobile network access device 200*) in a mobile wireless communication system which has a public network (*e.g., the Internet*), a private network (*e.g., corporate Intranet 218*) and a public wireless LAN system (*e.g., public WLAN 220*) and comprises a virtual private network relay apparatus which establishes an IPsec tunnel (*i.e., the virtual private network relay apparatus reads on the*

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secure mobility gateway for establishing a mobile IPsec tunnel when the mobile device 200 is connected to the corporate intranet via the Internet) with a network relay apparatus installed on the private network (e.g., a gateway identified as GW on the Intranet 218) via the public network (i.e., the Internet), further establishes the IPsec tunnel with the mobile wireless terminal apparatus (i.e., the network access device 200) and relays connection of the mobile wireless terminal apparatus (200) from the public wireless LAN system (220) to the private network (218) (see col. 5, lines 29-47, col. 18, lines 40-67 and fig. 2), a home agent that controls moving of the mobile wireless terminal apparatus (see col. 12, lines 17-20), a connection authentication server (e.g., a centralized authentication server such as a Radius server or AAA) that is installed on the public wireless LAN system and authenticates connection of the mobile wireless terminal apparatus to the public wireless LAN system, and a wireless LAN access point (e.g., an AP within public WLAN) that relays connection authentication procedures of the public wireless LAN performed between the mobile wireless terminal apparatus and the connection authentication server (see col. 7, lines 40-65 and fig. 2) the mobile wireless terminal apparatus comprising:

an authentication processing section that performs authentication processing for connection to the public wireless LAN system and to the connection authentication server (*i.e.*, the authenticating processing section reads on an IRC client installed on the mobile host 200, since the IRC client is responsible for authenticating the user or the user's computer and creating a secure wireless connection to authenticate the user to a corporate network) (see col. 5, lines 32-47, col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 14, lines 44-63);

an address acquiring section that acquires an IP address of the virtual private network relay apparatus (e.g., an IP address of the SMG's public interface IP_{SMG} reads on an IP address of the virtual private network relay apparatus) from the connection authentication server when the connection to the public wireless LAN system is permitted (see col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 17, lines 1-13); and

an address notifying section that sends an IP address of the mobile wireless terminal (e.g., an IP address of the user's computer IP_{MH} reads on an IP address of the mobile wireless terminal) apparatus to the virtual private network relay apparatus, via the connection authentication server (see col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 17, lines 1-10);

an IPsec key exchanging section that performs an IPsec key exchange with the virtual private network relay apparatus (*i.e.*, SMG) using the IP address of the virtual private network relay apparatus (*i.e.*, reads on the teaching that the IRC client establishes an IPsec tunnel (IRC-SMG tunnel) between the user computer and the IPsec gateway using IKE (Internet Key Exchange) protocol, wherein the SMG is a special mobile IPsec gateway) (see col. 9, lines 54-56, col. 11, lines 14-38 and col. 12, lines 3-5, col. 18, lines 40-49).

Henry fails to explicitly wherein the IPsec key exchange is performed by IPsec main mode.

However an IPsec key exchange performed by IPsec main mode is very well known in the art as taught for example by Burton.

In an analogous field of endeavor, Burton teaches an IPsec key exchange is performed by IPsec main mode to allow security peers to authenticate each other and to encrypt data

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transferred across an unsecured Ethernet using the keys generated from the IKE transactions (see col. 8, lines 13-44 and col. 9, lines 2-11).

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Henry with the teachings of Burton to include the feature of performing an IPsec key exchange by IPsec main mode, in order to separate key exchange information from identity and authentication information to protect identity information during an authentication process as taught by Burton (see col. 2, lines 49-65 and col. 9, lines 3-11).

5. Claims 5, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Henry et al., U.S. Patent Number 7,441,043 (hereinafter Henry) and in view of Oyama et al., U.S. Publication Number 2006/0185013 A1 (hereinafter Oyama) and further in view of Burton et al., U.S. Patent Number 7,287,269 (hereinafter Burton).

Regarding claims 5, 15 and 16, Henry teaches a mobile wireless terminal apparatus (e.g., a mobile network access device 200) in a mobile wireless communication system which has a public network (e.g., the Internet), a private network (e.g., corporate Intranet 218) and a public wireless LAN system (e.g., public WLAN 220) and comprises a virtual private network relay apparatus which establishes an IPsec tunnel (i.e., the virtual private network relay apparatus reads on the secure mobility gateway for establishing a mobile IPsec tunnel when the mobile device 200 is connected to the corporate intranet via the Internet) with a network relay apparatus installed on the private network (e.g., a gateway identified as GW on the Intranet 218) via the public network (i.e., the Internet), further establishes the IPsec tunnel with the mobile wireless terminal apparatus (i.e., the network access device 200) and relays connection of the mobile

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wireless terminal apparatus (200) from the public wireless LAN system (220) to the private network (218) (see col. 5, lines 29-47, col. 18, lines 40-67 and fig. 2), a home agent that controls movement of the mobile wireless terminal apparatus (see col. 12, lines 17-20), a connection authentication server (e.g., a centralized authentication server such as a Radius server or AAA) that is installed on the public wireless LAN system and authenticates connection of the mobile wireless terminal apparatus to the public wireless LAN system, and a wireless LAN access point (e.g., an AP within public WLAN) that relays connection authentication procedures of the public wireless LAN performed between the mobile wireless terminal apparatus and the connection authentication server (see col. 7, lines 40-65 and fig. 2), the mobile wireless terminal apparatus comprising:

an authentication processing section that performs authentication processing for connection to the public wireless LAN system and to the connection authentication server (*i.e.*, the authenticating processing section reads on an IRC client installed on the mobile host 200, since the IRC client is responsible for authenticating the user or the user's computer and creating a secure wireless connection to authenticate the user to a corporate network) (see col. 5, lines 32-47, col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 14, lines 44-63);

an address acquiring section that acquires an IP address of the virtual private network relay apparatus (e.g., an IP address of the SMG's public interface IP_{SMG} reads on an IP address of the virtual private network relay apparatus) from the connection authentication server when the connection to the public wireless LAN system is permitted (see col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 17, lines 1-13); and

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an address notifying section that sends an IP address of the mobile wireless terminal (e.g., an IP address of the user's computer IP_{MH} reads on an IP address of the mobile wireless terminal) apparatus to the connection authentication server (see col. 10, lines 60-67 and col. 17, lines 1-10);

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Henry fails to explicitly teach an IPsec shared key acquiring section that acquires an IPsec pre-shared secret key from the connection authentication server for use in an IPsec key exchange performed with the virtual private network relay apparatus; an MIP shared key acquiring section that acquires an MIP pre-shared secret key from the connection authentication server for use in mobile IP registration made with the home agent; an IPsec key exchanging section that performs exchange of the IPsec key with the virtual private network relay apparatus using the IPsec pre-shared secret key; and an MIP registering section that initiates the mobile IP registration to the home agent using the MIP pre-shared secret key.

In an analogous field of endeavor, Oyama teaches utilizing an Authorizing,

Authentication, Accounting (AAA) server to transfer HMIPv6-related information required for authenticating and authorization a mobile node for HMIPv6 service over the AAA infrastructure (see abstract). For example, Oyama teaches a mobile node (MN) acquires an IPsec shared key for use in an IPsec key exchange performed with a Mobility Anchor Point (MAP) (*i.e.*, reads on a virtual private network relay apparatus) from an AAA server (see p. 8 [0115, 0117 & 0119]).

Oyama, further teaches the mobile node (MN) acquires a pre-shared secret key for use in mobile IP registration (*i.e.*, requesting to be authenticated and given MIPv6 service) made with a home agent (HA) from an AAA server (see p. 8 [0130, 0132 & 0134]).

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It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Henry with the teachings of Oyama to include a mobile wireless terminal apparatus acquiring an IPsec pre-shared secret key for mobile IP registration to a home agent, in order to efficiently transfer information for authenticating and authorizing a mobile node requesting mobile IP related services over an AAA infrastructure to secure pertinent communication as taught by Oyama (see p. 3 [0033, 0035, 0038 & 0060]).

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Henry in view of Oyama fails to explicitly teach wherein the IPsec key exchange is performed by IPsec main mode.

However an IPsec key exchange performed by IPsec main mode is very well known in the art as taught for example by Burton.

In an analogous field of endeavor, Burton teaches an IPsec key exchange is performed by IPsec main mode to allow security peers to authenticate each other and to encrypt data transferred across an unsecured Ethernet using the keys generated from the IKE transactions (see col. 8, lines 13-44 and col. 9, lines 2-11).

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Henry and Oyama with the teachings of Burton to include the feature of performing an IPsec key exchange by IPsec main mode, in order to separate key exchange information from identity and authentication information to protect identity information during an authentication process as taught by Burton (see col. 2, lines 49-65 and col. 9, lines 3-11).

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Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Swander et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,915,437 discloses system and method for improved network security.

Swander et al., U.S. Patent Number 7,574,603 discloses method of negotiating security parameters and authenticating users interconnected to a network.

Ahonen, U.S. Patent Number 6,976,177 discloses virtual private networks.

Freeman et al., U.S. Publication Number 2005/0149732 A1 discloses use of static Diffie-Hellman with IPSec for authentication.

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to ANTHONY S. ADDY whose telephone number is (571)272-

7795. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur 8:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Patrick Edouard can be reached on 571-272-7603. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/A. S. A./

Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/Patrick N. Edouard/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617